

3472/1
MATEMATIK TAMBAHAN
Kertas 1
NOVEMBER 2021
2 jam

PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN SPM 2021

**MATEMATIK TAMBAHAN
PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN
Kertas 1**

No	Solution	Sub	Total
1(a)	$6(10) = -5m$	1	4
	-12	1	
(b)	$v - u = \frac{1}{2}u^2 + \frac{21}{2}$	1	4
	$m = \frac{1}{2}$, Y-intercept = $\frac{21}{2}$	1	
2(a)	$1 = \log_2 \left(\frac{x+5}{x} \right)$	1	5
	$x = 5$	1	
2(b)	$\log_5 \left(\frac{6.4}{2 \times 5} \right)$	1	5
	$2\log_5 8 - \log_5 5 - \log_5$	1	
	$2n - m - 1$	1	
3(a)	$L = 2\pi j^2 + \frac{108\pi}{j^2}$	1	5
	$\frac{dL}{dj} = 0$	1	
	$j = 3 \text{ cm}$	1	
3(b)	$t = \frac{54}{3^2}$	1	4
	$t = 6$	1	
4(a)	$h^{-1}g^{-1}(x)$	1	4
4(b)	$g \left(\frac{km + 1}{2} \right) = 2$	1	
	$3 \left(\frac{km + 1}{2} \right) - 10 = 2$	1	
	$k = \frac{7}{m}$	1	
5(a)	11 m	1	6
5(b)	$h = -2 \left[(t - 2)^2 - 2^2 - \frac{5}{2} \right]$	1	
	$h = 13 \text{ m}$	1	
5(c)	$t = 2 \text{ s}$	1	

5(d)	$(t - 1)(t - 3) \leq 0$	1	
	$t = 2s$	1	
6(a)	$4x^2 + 4x - 3 \geq 0$	1	5
	$(2x + 3)(2x - 1) \geq 0$	1	
	$x \leq -\frac{3}{2}, x \geq \frac{1}{2}$	1	
6(b)	$\text{HTP/SOR} = \frac{a^3+1}{a} \text{ OR } \text{HDP/POR} = \frac{1}{a}$	1	6
	$x^2 - \left(\frac{a^3+1}{a}\right)x + \frac{1}{a} = 0$	1	
	$a^2x^2 - (a^3+1)x + a = 0$	1	
7(a)	$\frac{(x-1)(2x)-x^2}{(x-1)^2}$		6
	$\frac{x^2-2x}{(x-1)^2}$	1	
	$4 \left[\frac{x^2}{x-1} \right]_0^2$	1	
	16	1	
7(b)	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x^2 + 5x$	1	8
	Gantian nilai $x = -1, y = -2$ untuk mencari nilai c	1	
	$y = 2x^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^2 - \frac{5}{2}$	1	
8(a)	${}^mC_2 = 36 \text{ or } \frac{m!}{(m-2)!2!} = 36$	1	8
	$\frac{m \times (m-1)}{2} = 36 \text{ or } m^2 - m - 72 = 0$	1	
	$m = 9$	1	
8(b)	i) $\frac{(8-1)!}{2} \text{ or } \frac{7!}{2} \text{ or } {}^8P_8$	1	8
	2520	1	
	ii) $\frac{{}^8P_6}{2(6)} \text{ or } \frac{{}^8P_7}{2(7)} \text{ or } \frac{{}^8P_8}{2(8)}$	1	
	$\frac{{}^8P_6}{2(6)} + \frac{{}^8P_7}{2(7)} + \frac{{}^8P_8}{2(8)}$	1	

	7080	1	
9(a)	$p = 0.75$	1	6
	${}^{10}C_9 \times 0.75^9 \times 0.25^1$ atau ${}^{10}C_{10} \times 0.75^{10} \times 0.25^0$	1	
	$1 - {}^{10}C_9 \times 0.75^9 \times 0.25^1 - {}^{10}C_{10} \times 0.75^{10} \times 0.25^0$	1	
	0.7560	1	
9(b)	$6q = 2.4$	1	
	$p = 0.6$	1	
10(a)	(a) $4^x \times (4^2)^{x-2} = 4^3$	1	6
	$x + 2(x - 2) = 3$	1	
	$x = \frac{7}{3}$	1	
10(b)	$-2 + 20\sqrt{3} = \frac{1}{2}(x)(8 - 2\sqrt{3})$	1	
	$x = \frac{-4 + 40\sqrt{3}}{8 - 2\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{8 + 2\sqrt{3}}{8 + 2\sqrt{3}}$	1	
	panjang sisi = $4 + 6\sqrt{3}$	1	
11(a)	i) $\frac{1}{3}$	1	5
	ii) $0 \leq f(x) \leq 14$	1	
11(b)	$f(2x - 4) = 3x + 1$ or $y = 2x - 4$, $x = \frac{y+4}{2}$	1	
	$f(y) = 3(\frac{y+4}{2}) + 1$	1	
	$f(x) = \frac{3x+14}{2}$	1	
12	a) $\operatorname{sek} B = \frac{1}{\operatorname{kos} B}$ $= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-q^2}}$	1	4
	b) Use $\operatorname{kos} \frac{2B}{2} = 2 \operatorname{kos}^2 \frac{B}{2} - 1$	1	

	$-\sqrt{1 - q^2} = 2 \cos^2 \frac{B}{2} - 1$	1	
	$\cos^2 \frac{B}{2} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - q^2}}{2}$	1	
13(a)	$\left(\frac{5(2) + r(3)}{5}, \frac{6(2) + 1(3)}{5} \right) = (8, s)$	1	8
	$\frac{10 + 3r}{5} = 8 \text{ and } \frac{12 + 3}{5} = s$	1	
	$r = 10, s = 3$	1+1	
13(b)	i) $t = 3$	1	8
	ii) $m_2 = \frac{5}{3}$	1	
	$(y - 6) = \frac{5}{3}(x - 0)$ atau setara / equivalent	1	
	$3y = 5x + 18$	1	
14(a)	$r^2 = 14^2 + 5^2 - 2(14)(5) \cos 45^\circ$	1	8
	$r = 11.05 \text{ cm}$	1	
14(b)	$\frac{\sin AOB}{14} = \frac{\sin 45^\circ}{11.05}$ atau kaedah lain	1	
	$BOD = 63.62^\circ \text{ or } 1.111 \text{ rad}$	1	
14(c)	Luas sektor $ACD = \frac{1}{2}(17)^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$	1	
	Luas $\Delta AOB = \frac{1}{2}(14)(5) \sin 45^\circ$ or	1	
	Luas sektor $BOE = \frac{1}{2}(11.05)^2(1.111)$	1	
	Luas kawasan berlorek $= \frac{1}{2}(17)^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(14)(5) \sin 45^\circ - \frac{1}{2}(11.05)^2(1.111)$	1	
	Luas kawasan berlorek $= 20.93 \text{ cm}^2$	1	
15(a)	$a = 18000$ $r = 1.05$	1	8

	$S_5 = \frac{18000(1.05^5 - 1)}{1.05 - 1}$	1	
	$S_5 = RM\ 99\ 461$		
	$Simpanan = 25\% \times 99\ 461$ $= RM\ 24\ 865$	1	
15(b)	$x^2 - 5 - 25 = 25 - 3x - 1$	1	
	$(x - 6)(x + 9) = 0$	1	
	$x = 6, x = -9$		
	<i>Gantikan $x = 6$ maka sebutan $19, 25, 31$ ($d = 6$)</i>	1	
	<i>Gantikan $x = -9$ maka sebutan $-26, 25, 76$ ($d = 51$)</i>		
	<i>maka $x = -9$</i>	1	
	$T_{10} = a + 9(51) = 76$	1	
	$a = -383$		